States That Have Banned Lead Sinkers
Six states within the Common Loon breeding range restrict lead fishing tackle.

New Hampshire
- NH Rev. Stat. §211:13-b – Lead Fishing Sinkers and Jigs; Use Prohibited
- The sale and use of any lead sinkers and jigs are prohibited in New Hampshire. A violation carries a penalty not exceeding $250.
- Lead jigs and sinkers account for 48% of mortalities among adult loons, which is the largest single cause of adult Common Loon mortalities in New Hampshire.

New York
- NY Env. Cons. L §11-0308
- The sale of lead fishing sinkers weighing one-half ounce or less is prohibited in New York.
- In 2004, New York listed the Common Loon as a Species of Special Concern. It banned the sale of small fishing sinkers because ingesting lead fishing tackle is one of the leading causes of death for adult Common Loon and other wildlife in New York.

Maine
- Maine LD 730 – An Act to Protect Maine’s Loons by Banning Lead Sinkers and Jigs
- The sale and use of lead sinkers smaller than 2.5 inches and/or less than 1 ounce are prohibited in Maine.
- The adult Common Loon population in Maine is small. Maine concluded that keeping lead sinkers out of Maine waters would increase the survival rate of these birds and allow for population growth of the species.

Massachusetts
- 321 CMR 4.01: Taking of Certain Fish
- Lead sinkers, weights, and jigs weighing less than 1 ounce are banned in Massachusetts.
- The regulation was implemented primarily to protect Massachusetts’ small population of Common Loon.

Vermont
- 10 V.S.A. §4615: Lead sinkers; sales prohibited
- In 1978, Vermont placed the Common Loon on the state’s Endangered Species List. Vermont enforced this law to prevent the Common Loon and other birds from becoming endangered in the future.

Washington
- Washington enforces a ban on the use of lead weights and jigs that measure 1.5 inches or less when fishing on certain lakes in the state.

And one that has not...Minnesota
Minnesota has NOT banned lead fishing tackle to protect the Common Loon and other wildlife species from lead toxicity.

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